

CH-421

**Catalysis for energy storage**

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Cursus	Sem.	Type
Chimiste	MA1, MA3	Opt.
Energy Management and Sustainability	MA1, MA3	Opt.
Ing.-chim.	MA1, MA3	Opt.

Language of teaching	English
Credits	2
Session	Winter
Semester	Fall
Exam	Written
Workload	60h
Weeks	14
<b>Hours</b>	<b>2 weekly</b>
Courses	2 weekly
<b>Number of positions</b>	

**Summary**

This course covers the fundamental and applied aspects of electrocatalysis related to renewable energy conversion and storage. The focus is on catalysis for hydrogen evolution, oxygen evolution, and CO<sub>2</sub> reduction reactions. Both homogeneous and heterogeneous catalysts are discussed.

**Content**

1. Energy and solar fuel
2. Hydrogen economy
3. Introduction to electrocatalysis
4. Catalysis for hydrogen evolution
5. Catalysis for oxygen evolution
6. Catalysis for CO<sub>2</sub> reduction
7. From electrocatalysis to photocatalysis

**Learning Prerequisites****Recommended courses**

Coordination chemistry; organometallic chemistry; electrochemistry

**Learning Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Describe the capacity of available renewable energy resources; explain the major advantages of hydrogen economy.
- Compare major hydrogen storage methods
- Derive the overall reactions of hydrogen evolution, oxygen evolution, and CO<sub>2</sub> reduction.
- Assess / Evaluate overpotential; judge efficiency of electrocatalysts using a few key parameters; apply exchange current density and Tafel slope to compare catalysts.
- Interpret heterogeneous and homogeneous electrocatalysis from electrochemical data.
- Elaborate the key bond forming steps in hydrogen evolution, oxygen evolution, and CO<sub>2</sub> reduction reactions.
- Construct catalytic cycles for electrochemical hydrogen evolution, oxygen evolution, and CO<sub>2</sub> reduction reactions, if sufficient information about the catalyst and reaction condition is provided. The catalyst can be homogeneous or heterogeneous.
- Construct catalytic cycles for chemical CO<sub>2</sub> reduction; Judge the origin of catalyst selectivity in CO<sub>2</sub> reduction reactions. Differentiate coordination modes of CO<sub>2</sub>;

**Teaching methods**

Lectures

**Assessment methods**

Written exam