

COM-401 Cryptography and security

Vaudenay Serge				
Cursus	Sem.	Type	Language of	English
Communication systems minor	Н	Opt.	teaching	Liigiion
Computer and Communication Sciences		Obl.	Credits	7
Computer science minor	Н	Opt.	Session Semester Exam	Winter Fall Written 210h 14 6 weekly 4 weekly
Computer science	MA1, MA3	Obl.		
Cyber security minor	Н	Opt.	Workload Weeks	
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Obl.	Hours Courses Exercises Number of positions	
Data Science	MA1, MA3	Opt.		
Financial engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.		2 weekly
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Obl.		

Summary

This course introduces the basics of cryptography. We review several types of cryptographic primitives, when it is safe to use them and how to select the appropriate security parameters. We detail how they work and sketch how they can be implemented.

Content

- 1. Ancient cryptography: Vigenère, Enigma, Vernam cipher, Shannon theory
- 2. Diffie-Hellman cryptography: algebra, Diffie-Hellman, ElGamal
- 3. RSA cryptography: number theory, RSA, factoring
- 4. Elliptic curve cryptography: elliptic curves over a finite field, ECDH, ECIES
- 5. Symmetric encryption: block ciphers, stream ciphers, exhaustive search
- 6. Integrity and authentication: hashing, MAC, birthday paradox
- 7. Applications to symmetric cryptography: mobile telephony, Bluetooth, WiFi
- 8. Public-key cryptography: cryptosystem, digital signature
- 9. Trust establishment: secure communication, trust setups
- 10. Case studies: Bluetooth, TLS, SSH, PGP, biometric passport

Keywords

cryptography, encryption, secure communication

Learning Prerequisites

Required courses

- Algebra (MATH-310)
- Probability and statistics (MATH-310)
- Algorithms (CS-250)

Recommended courses

• Network security (COM-301)

Important concepts to start the course

· Mathematical reasoning



- Probabilities
- · Algebra, arithmetics
- Algorithmics

Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Choose the appropriate cryptographic primitive in a security infrastructure
- Judge the strength of existing standards
- Assess / Evaluate the security based on key length
- Implement algorithms manipulating big numbers and use number theory
- Use algebra and probability theory to analyze cryptographic algorithms
- Identify the techniques to secure the communication and establish trust

Teaching methods

ex-cathedra

Expected student activities

- active participation during the course
- take notes during the course
- do the exercises during the exercise sessions
- complete the regular tests and homework
- read the material from the course
- self-train using the provided material
- · do the midterm exam and final exam

Assessment methods

Mandatory continuous evaluation:

- homework (30%)
- regular graded tests (30%)
- midterm exam (40%)

Final exam averaged (same weight) with the contiuous evaluation, but with final grade between final_exam-1 and final exam+1.

Supervision

Office hours No
Assistants Yes
Forum No

Others Lecturers and assistants are available upon appointment.

Resources

Bibliography

• Communication security: an introduction to cryptography. Serge Vaudenay. Springer 2004.



• A computational introduction to number theory and algebra. Victor Shoup. Cambridge University Press 2005.

Ressources en bibliothèque

- Communication security / Vaudenay
- A computational introduction to number theory and algebra / Shoup

Websites

• http://lasec.epfl.ch/teaching.shtml

Prerequisite for

- Advanced cryptography (COM-401)
- Algorithms in public-key cryptography (COM-408)