

PHYS-470

**Nonlinear optics for quantum technologies**

Galland Christophe

| Cursus    | Sem.     | Type |
|-----------|----------|------|
| Ing.-phys | MA1, MA3 | Opt. |
| Physicien | MA1, MA3 | Opt. |

|                            |                 |
|----------------------------|-----------------|
| Language of teaching       | English         |
| Credits                    | 4               |
| Session                    | Winter          |
| Semester                   | Fall            |
| Exam                       | Oral            |
| Workload                   | 120h            |
| Weeks                      | 14              |
| <b>Hours</b>               | <b>4 weekly</b> |
| Courses                    | 2 weekly        |
| Exercises                  | 2 weekly        |
| <b>Number of positions</b> |                 |

**Summary**

This course provides the fundamental knowledge and theoretical tools needed to treat nonlinear optical interactions, covering both classical and quantum theory of nonlinear optics. It presents applications such as nonclassical state generation and spectroscopy of nanoscale systems.

**Content**

Nonlinear optics is continuously gaining in impact and relevance for the generation and conversion of quantum states of light with their applications to quantum technologies. In parallel, the development of photonic integrated circuits and plasmonic nanocavities offers new opportunities to boost and tailor nonlinear effects. Finally, nonlinear optics offers unlimited possibilities to perform spectroscopy on molecules and nanomaterials and study their electronic and vibrational properties. This course gives an introduction to these contemporary developments by covering the following:

**Block 1. Fundamentals of nonlinear optics**

- Introduction: corpuscular view on nonlinear optical phenomena
- Reminders: wave propagation in linear medium with dispersion; paraxial optics
- Nonlinear susceptibility and wave propagation in a nonlinear medium
- The nonlinear susceptibility tensor. Crystal symmetries, phase matching conditions
- Generation of coherent states at new frequencies (OPO, Raman laser, etc.)

**Block 2. Quantum theory of nonlinear optics and its applications**

- Quantum theory of nonlinear susceptibility (quantisation of matter). Particular case of the two-level approximation.
- Quantum nonlinear optics: quantisation of light in a nonlinear medium
- Effective Hamiltonian of nonlinear interactions
- Generation of nonclassical states of light and their applications in quantum technologies
- Quantum coherent frequency conversion for quantum networks

**Block 3. Nonlinear optics in low-dimensional structures**

- Light confinement and nonlinear propagation in waveguides
- Nonlinear effects enhanced by micro-cavities (ring resonators, photonic crystals)
- Interaction of light with metallic nanostructures
- Nonlinear effects enhanced by plasmonic nano-cavities

**Keywords**

Nonlinear optics, quantum optics, electromagnetism, electrodynamics, spectroscopy, quantum technology, lasers,

oscillators, crystals, molecules, nanostructures, quantum correlations, entanglement, photonic integrated circuits, waveguides, optical cavities, plasmonics, photonics

## Learning Prerequisites

### Recommended courses

We recommend having taken introductory courses covering: Electromagnetism, Classical electrodynamics (Maxwell equations), Wave mechanics, Optics

### Important concepts to start the course

Electromagnetism, Classical electrodynamics (Maxwell equations), Wave mechanics, Optics

## Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Define the different types of nonlinear interactions of light with a medium
- Describe the macroscopic manifestation and microscopic origin of nonlinear susceptibility
- Model wave propagation in linear and nonlinear media, in waveguides and low-dimensional geometries
- Predict the efficiency of different nonlinear effects in different geometries
- Explain how to derive a quantum theory of nonlinear optics
- Develop a model of nonclassical state generation based on nonlinear optics
- Model the enhancement of light-matter interaction in waveguides, micro-and nanocavities
- Explain the main methods of spectroscopy relying on nonlinear interactions

## Transversal skills

- Use a work methodology appropriate to the task.
- Demonstrate a capacity for creativity.
- Take feedback (critique) and respond in an appropriate manner.
- Use both general and domain specific IT resources and tools
- Continue to work through difficulties or initial failure to find optimal solutions.
- Make an oral presentation.
- Summarize an article or a technical report.

## Teaching methods

The course will be interactive, with an alternance of blackboard and slide lecturing, hands-on student exercises, questions and discussions. Active participation is expected.

We plan to organise research seminars by external experts to create a closer connection to contemporary research and illustrate the concepts seen in the course.

## Expected student activities

Self-study before/after the lecture, active participation, asking questions, solving exercises, studying and presenting research papers

## Assessment methods

Active participation during the semester including an oral presentation on a research topic (30%); final oral exam (70%)

## Supervision

|              |     |
|--------------|-----|
| Office hours | Yes |
| Assistants   | Yes |
| Forum        | Yes |

## Resources

### Virtual desktop infrastructure (VDI)

No

## Bibliography

- N. Bloembergen: *Nonlinear Optics*
- Robert Boyd: *Nonlinear Optics*
- Y. R. Shen: *The Principles of Nonlinear Optics*
- Peter D. Drummond, Mark Hillery: *The Quantum Theory of Nonlinear Optics*
- François Hache: *Optique Non Linéaire*
- Leonard Mandel and Emil Wolf: *Optical Coherence and Quantum Optics*
- Lukas Novotny, Bert Hecht: *Principles of Nano-Optics*
- Toshiaki Suhara and Masatoshi Fujimura: *Waveguide Nonlinear-Optic Devices*

## Notes/Handbook

Hand-written lecture notes will be provided