positions

MICRO-614 Electrochemical nano-bio-sensing and bio/CMOS interfaces

Carrara Sandro				
Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Language of	English
Electrical Engineering		Opt.	teaching	Linglish
Microsystems and Microelectronics		Opt.	Credits Session	1
			Exam	Project report
			Workload	30h
			Hours	15
			Courses	15
			Number of	20

Frequency

Every year

Remark

Postponed to June 2022

Summary

Main aim of the course is to introduce, in designing of modern wearable and implantable devices, the new concept of co-design three system' layers: Bio for Specificity, Nano for Sensitivity, and CMOS for autonomy. Recent examples of devices realised for m-Health are presented and deeply discussed.

Content

- 1. Bio for Probes/Targets building blocks: Proteins and DNA
- 2. Bio for Probes/Targets interactions with DNA and Antibodies
- 3. Bio for Probes/Targets interactions with Oxidases and Cytochromes
- 4. Bio for Detection principles: Dna, Antobodies, Enzimes
- 5. Bio for Detection principles: Redox Reactions
- 6. Nano for Probes immobilization: Methods and Mechanisms
- 7. Nano for Probes layer quality: SPR, SEM, and AFM
- 8. Nano for Memristive Biosensors
- 9. Nano to prevent the Electron Transfer
- 10. Nano to enhance the Electron Transfer
- 11. CMOS for metabolite in fixed voltage
- 12. CMOS for metabolite in scanning voltage
- 13. CMOS for multi-metabolites monitoring
- 14. CMOS for DNA detection
- 15. CMOS for Applications in Animals and Humans Remote Telemetry

Keywords

Wearable Devices; Implantable Chips; mHealth; Nano-Bio-Technology; Carbon Nanotubes; Metallic Nanoparticles; Op Amp; Analog Design; Electrochemical Sensing; CMOS

Learning Prerequisites

Recommended courses

Classical mechanics; Geometrical optics; Electro-magnetism; ohm law on steady current and some theorems on alternate current; Laplace transforms

Assessment methods

by home-works

Resources Bibliography Bio/CMOS Interfaces and Co-Design, Sandro Carrara (author), Springer (Editor), 2011

Ressources en bibliothèque

• Bio/CMOS Interfaces and Co-Design / S. CARRARA